

Using Data and Predictive Models for New Product Development – to Assess Safety, Shelf Life and Health Benefits

4th April 2019

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Head of Food & Nutrition at Creme Global

IFST Spring Conference 2019 (SC19)

'Nutritional Science over Gut Feel'

About Us

Creme Global is an independent data science technology company. Various industry and government partners funded the projects described here.

cremeglobal



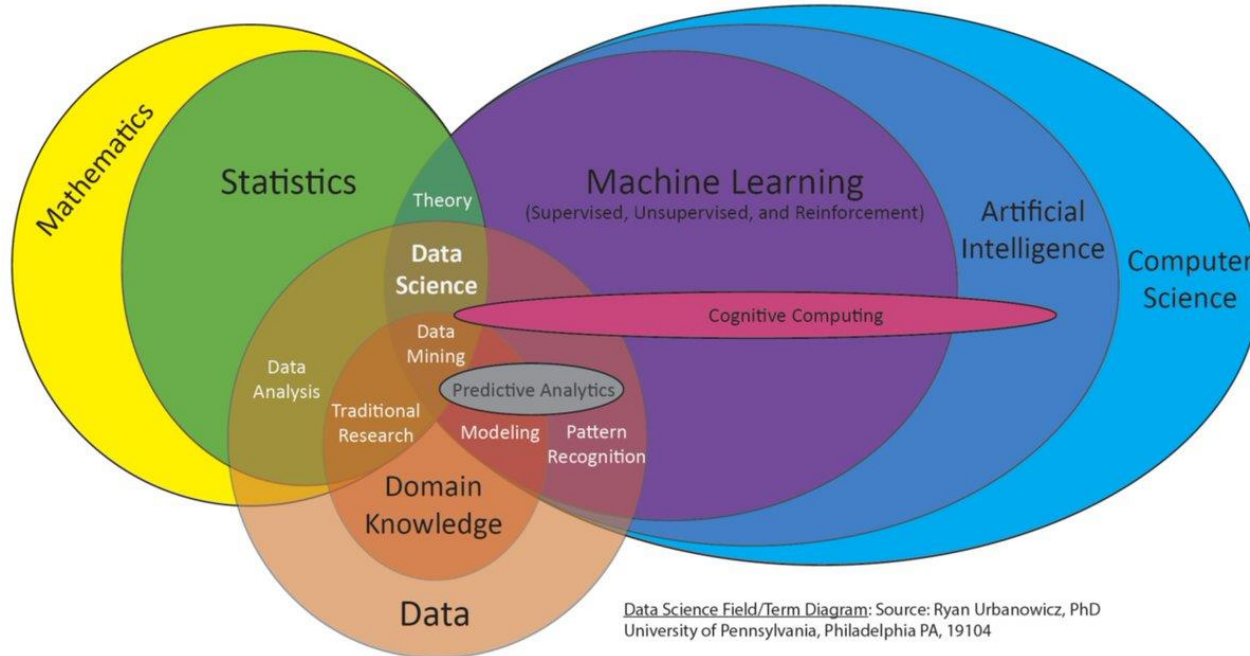
Content

- Data Science Challenges
- Predictive Modelling Case studies
 - Probabilistic Exposure Modelling
 - New Product Development and Health Impact
 - Product Stability and Shelf Life - Predictive Modelling
 - Modelling Industry Reformulation Efforts and Population Impacts



Data Science Challenges

Multidisciplinary Approach



Data Science Challenges

Foresight

Developing Predictive Models
Traditional Methods, Machine Learning, AI

Insight

Analysing and Visualising the Data

Understanding

Structuring, Validating and Sharing

Gathering Data

Collect the Data
Traditional Data, Big Data, IOT

Data Structure

Well Structured Data



Unstructured Data



Messy Data



Alternative Data Sources

Market Research

KANTAR WORLDPANEL

nielsen



Crowd Sourced



Quantified Self



Online Data Gathering

foodbook 



myfood 

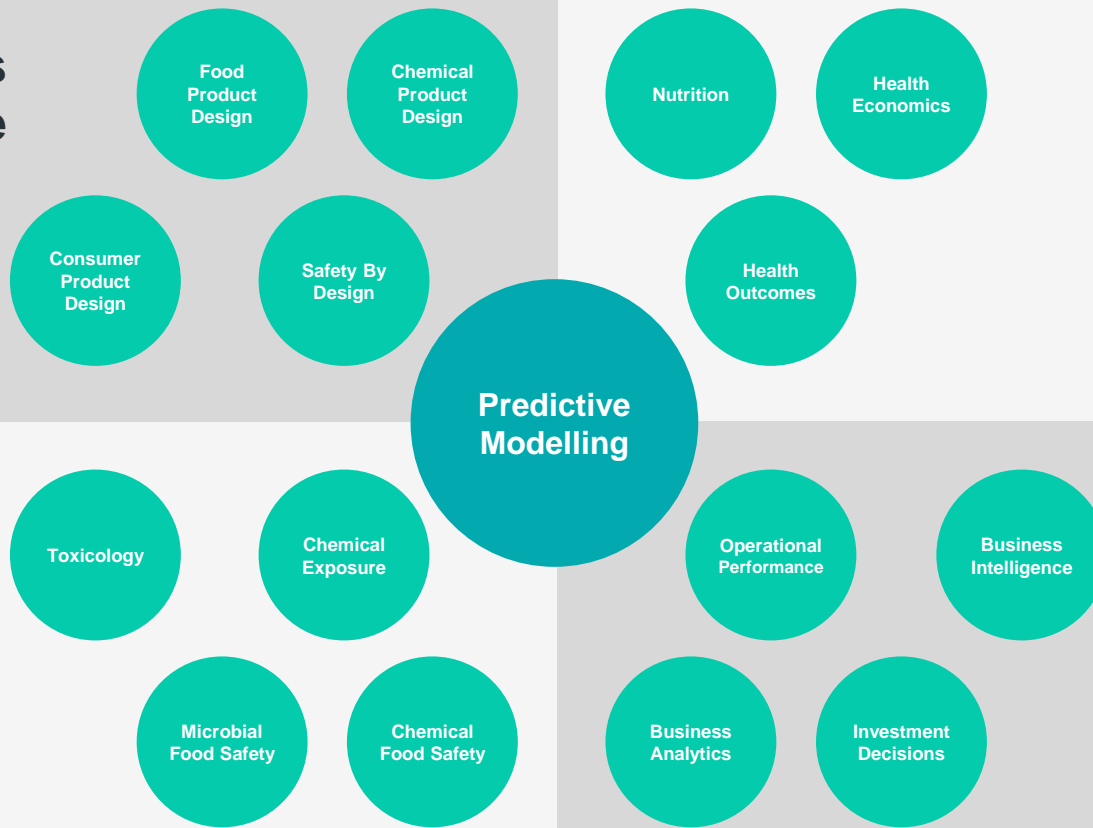
Industry Applications of Predictive Modelling

R&D

Safety

Health

Strategy



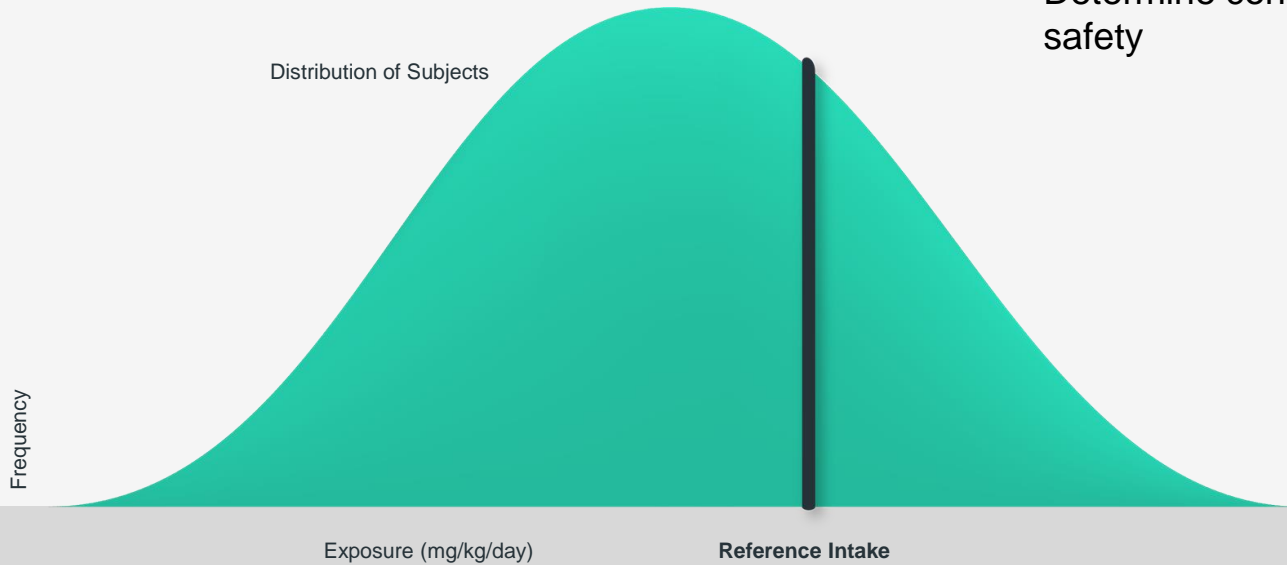
Predictive Modelling: Case Studies

Probabilistic Exposure Modelling

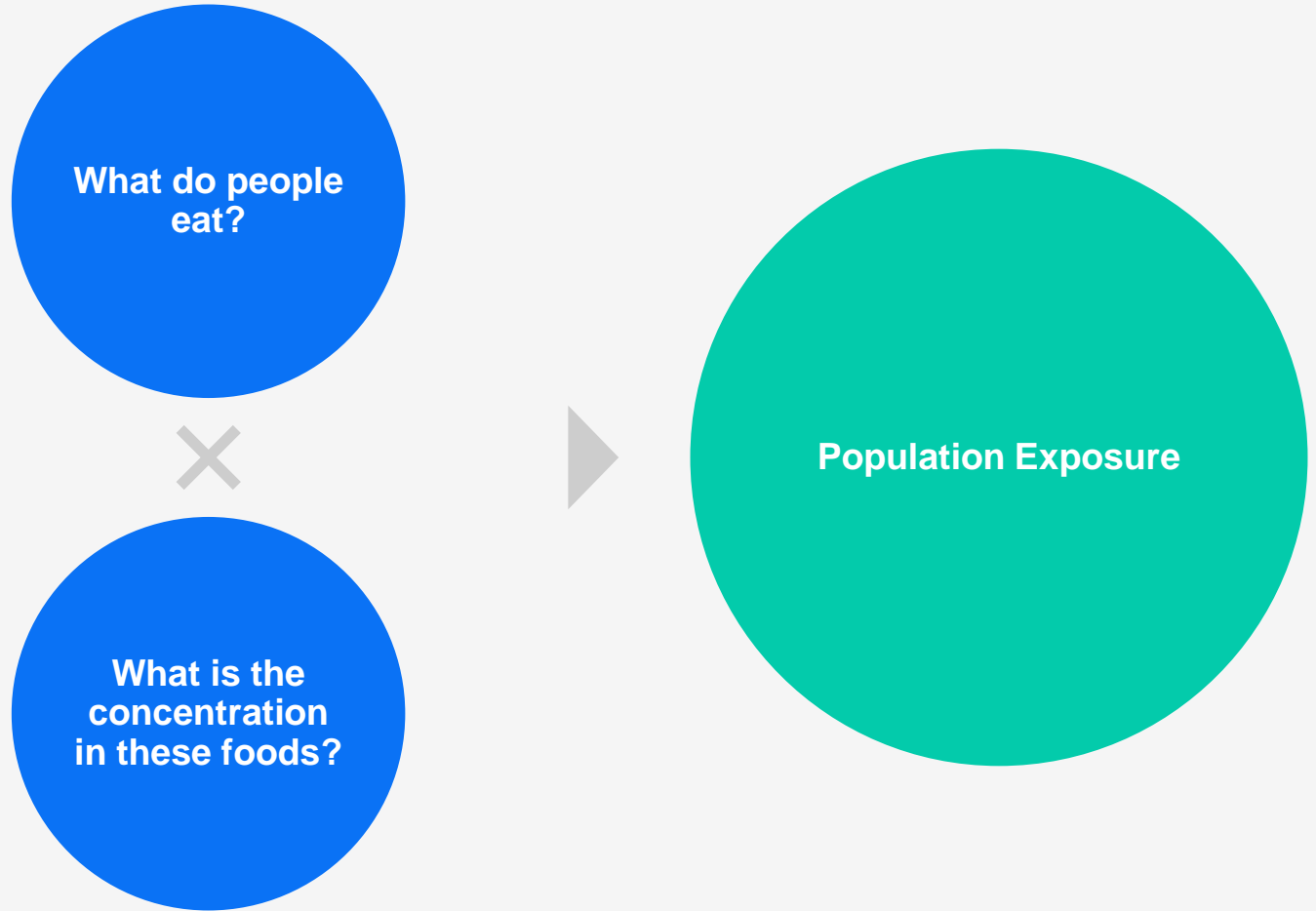
Exposure Assessments

Contaminants, additives, chemicals etc.

Determine consumer safety



Data



From Worst Case to Probabilistic Exposure Modelling





Diary Day 1



FREQUENCY

AMOUNT



x1

40 g



x2

500 g



x3

100 g



x4

200 g



Diary Day 1



FREQUENCY



AMOUNT

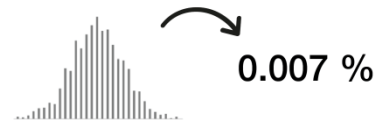
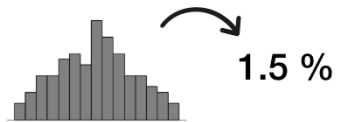
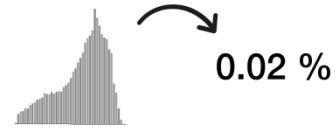
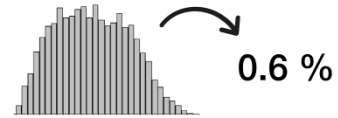
40 g

500 g

100 g

200 g

SUBSTANCE CONCENTRATION





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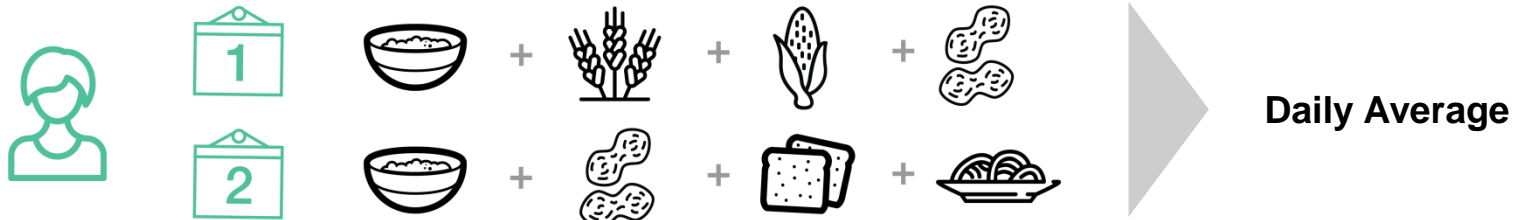


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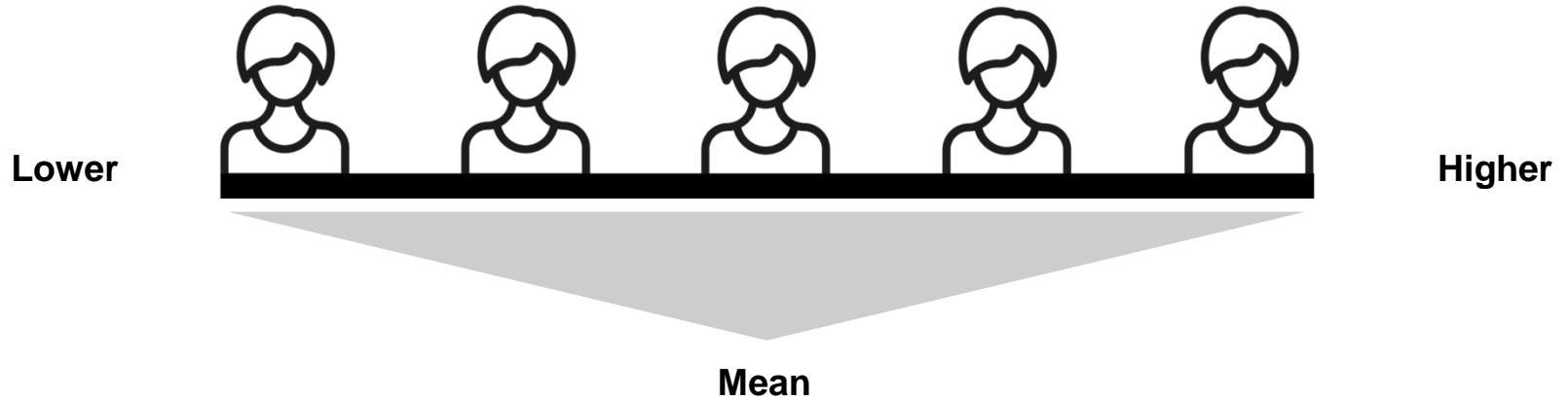




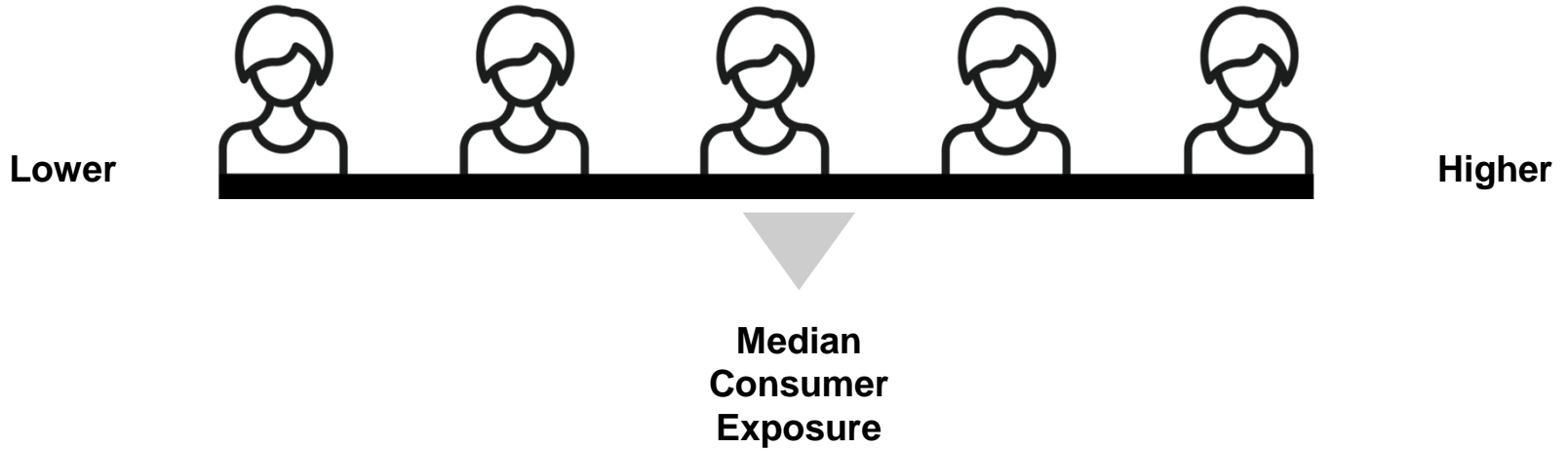
Population Exposure



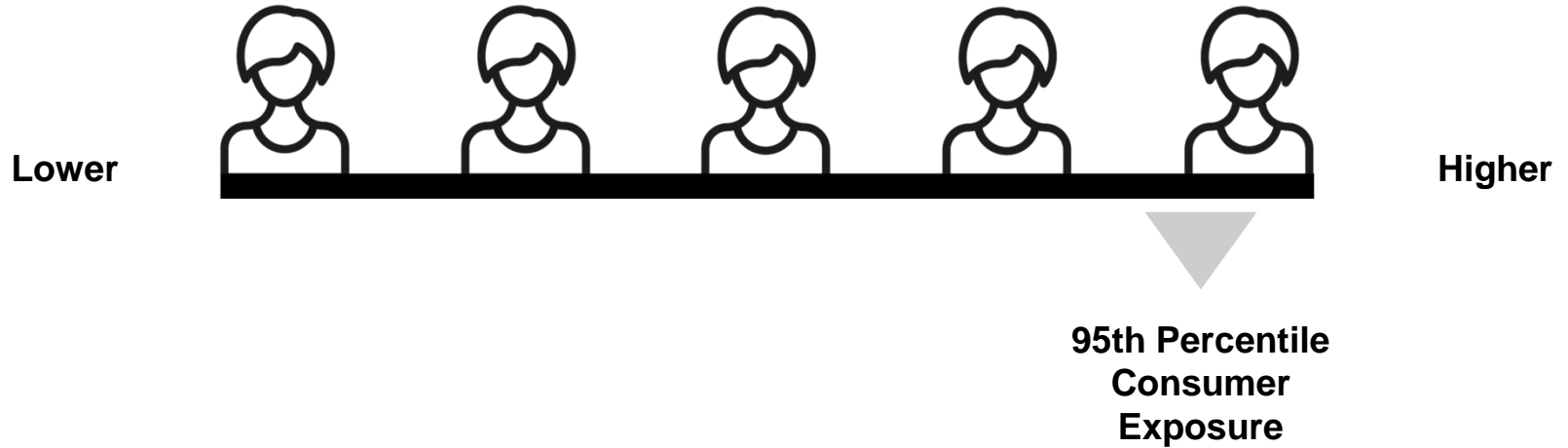
Population Exposure



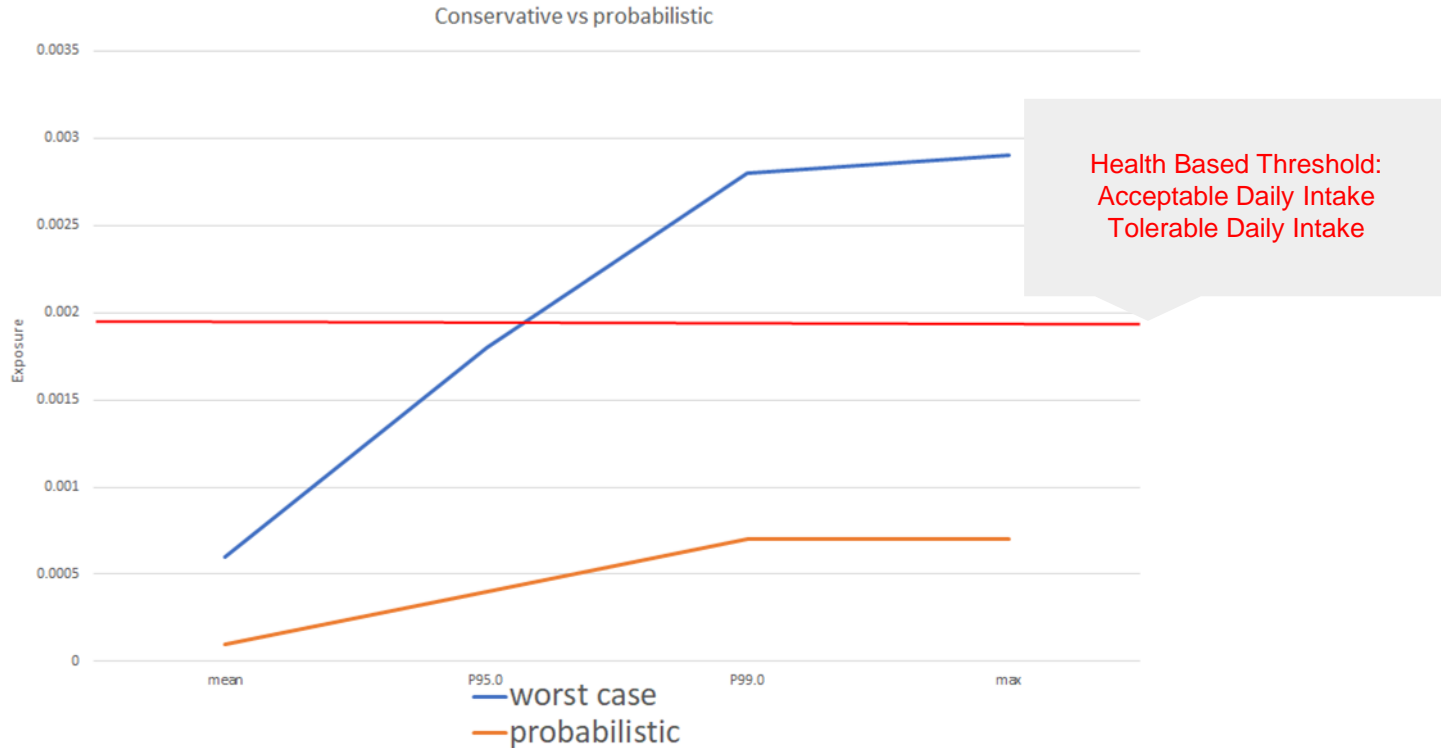
Population Exposure



Population Exposure



From Worst Case to Probabilistic Exposure Modelling



New Product Development and Health Impact

New Product Development - Impact on Potassium Intakes and Health Outcomes

Population:

consumers 45 years and older, drinking milk

Food/Food Group:

new product, high in potassium

Baseline:

food and nutritional intakes

Scenario:

replacement with new product Impact on population intakes

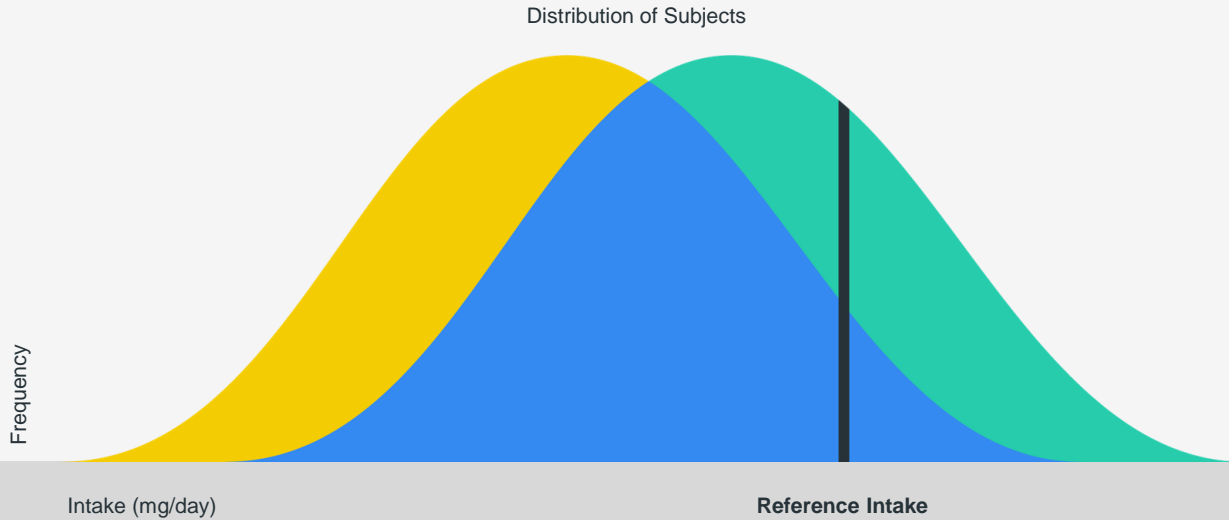
Impact on Health Parameter:

blood pressure



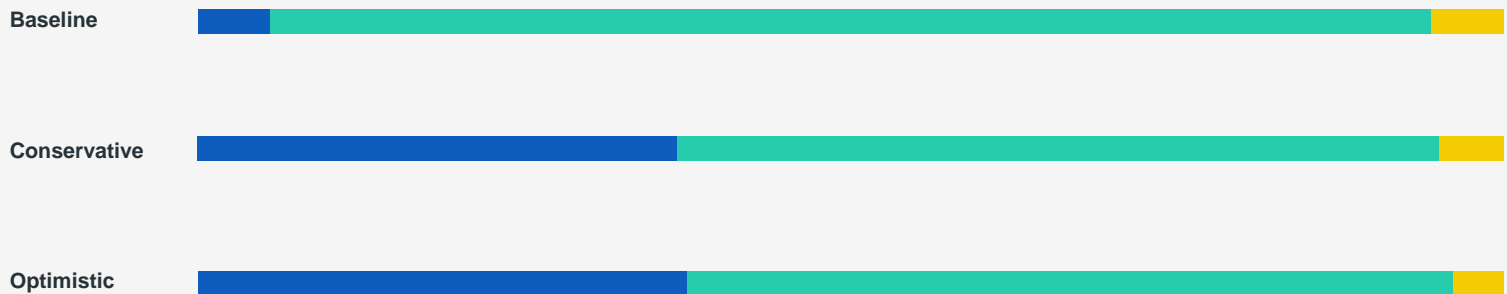
New Product Development - Impact on Potassium Intakes and Health Outcomes

Nutrient Intake before and after Scenario



New Products and Predicting Health Outcomes

Impact on SBP in Product Consumers



0.0

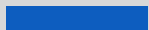
0.2

0.4

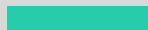
0.6

0.8

1.0



Normotensive



Prehypertensive



Hypertensive

Product Stability and Shelf Life - Predictive Modelling

Microbial Stability Calculator

Microbial Stability Calculator

84°F

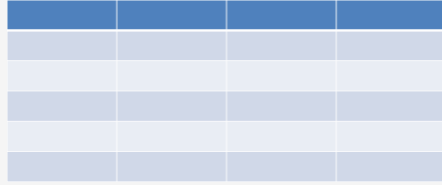
Probability of product being stable is **89.83%**

Recommended Classification: **STABLE**

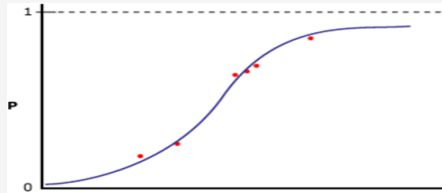
Carbonated Not Carbonated [Clear All](#)

CO ₂ Volume	3.6	SHMP (ppm)	0
Sorbic Acid (ppm)	175	Benzoic Acid (ppm)	175

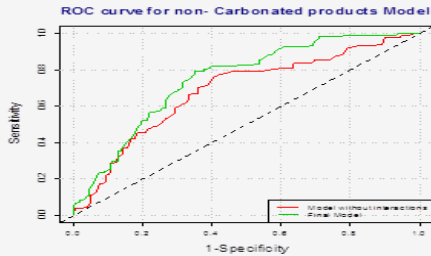
Development of MSC



1
Data validation and visualisation

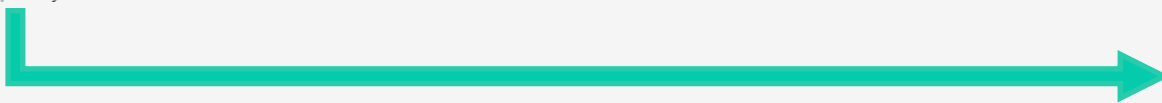


2
Statistical analysis



3
Sensitivity and specificity analysis

4
Software



Public Health Nutrition

Modelling Industry Reformulation Efforts
and Population Impacts

FDI Creme Global Reformulation Project

The Evolution of Food and Drink in Ireland 2005 – 2017



FDI Creme Global Reformulation Project Overview and Methodology

Estimate the impact of reformulation and the introduction of new products on the nutrient intakes of the Irish population.

Surveys Used:

The National Teens' Food Survey (2005 – 2006)
National Children's Food Survey (2003 – 2004)
National Adult Nutrition Survey (2008 – 2010)
National Pre-school Nutrition Survey (2010 – 2011)

Nutrients:

Sodium
Fat
Saturated Fat
Sugar
Energy



Project Scope
Retail

Phase 1

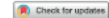
Reformulated Products Only

Directly replaced survey foods – no scope for product choice changing between years.

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF FOOD SCIENCES AND NUTRITION, 2018
<https://doi.org/10.1080/09637486.2018.1438375>



RESEARCH ARTICLE



A probabilistic intake model to estimate the impact of reformulation by the food industry among Irish consumers

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ABSTRACT

This project quantified the impact that voluntary reformulation efforts of the food industry had on the Irish population's nutrient intake. Nutrient composition data on reformulated products were collected from 14 major food companies for two years, 2005 and 2012. Probabilistic intake assessments were performed using the Irish national food consumption surveys as dietary intake data. The nutrient data were weighted by market shares replacing existing food composition data for these products. The reformulation efforts assessed, significantly reduced mean energy intakes by up to 12 kcal/d (adults), 15 kcal/d (teens), 19 kcal/d (children) and 9 kcal/d (pre-schoolers). Mean daily fat intakes were reduced by up to 1.3 g/d, 1.3 g/d, 0.9 g/d and 0.6 g/d, saturated fat intakes by up to 1.7 g/d, 2.3 g/d, 1.8 g/d and 1 g/d, sugar intakes by up to 1 g/d, 2 g/d, 3.5 g/d and 1 g/d and sodium intakes by up to 0.6 g/d, 0.5 g/d, 0.2 g/d, 0.3 g/d for adults, teenagers, children and pre-school children, respectively. This model enables to assess the impact of industry reformulation amongst Irish consumers' nutrient intakes, using consumption, food composition and market share data.

ARTICLE HISTORY

Received 31 August 2017
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 Accepted 5 February 2018

KEYWORDS

Probabilistic dietary intake;
 industry; sugar; food choice;
 sodium; fatty acid

Phase 2

Phase 2 uses similar principles to Phase 1 but in addition, Phase 2 takes account of new products and discontinued products

- Consumers' movement away from products popular in 2005 to products popular in 2017.
- Composition of the products changing.
- More data, giving a more holistic view of the market.

Consumer Basket

2005



2017



Data Collection Portal

15

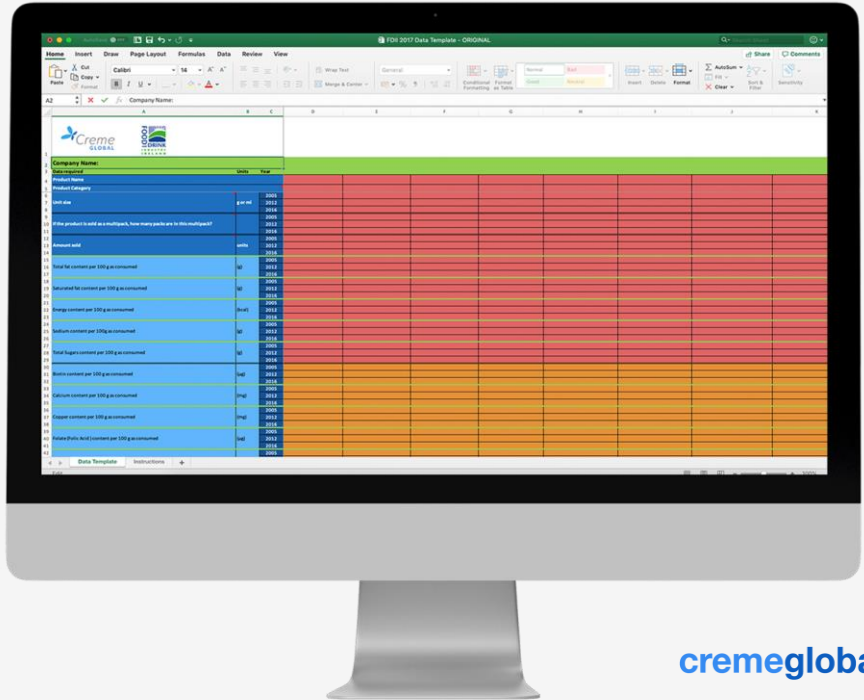
Companies

1,780

Food Products

23,305

Concentration data
points collected



Key Results

Direct reformulation of products on the market in both 2005 and 2017

These figures show the percentage reduction in nutrients from 235 products that were on the market in 2005 and remained on the market in 2017.

Total Fat

0.3%



Saturated Fat

10.1%



Energy

1.6%



Sodium

28.0%

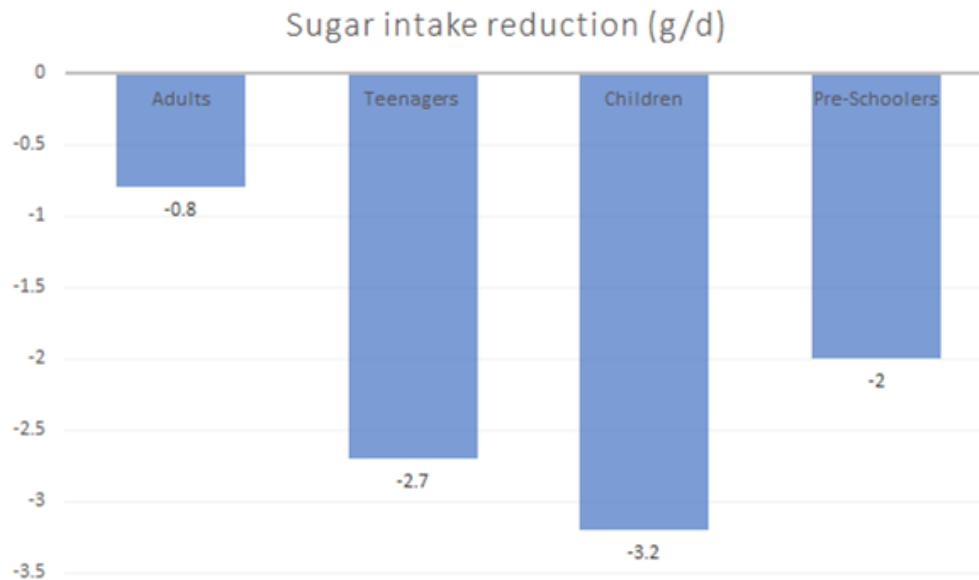


Sugar

8.0%



Sugar Intake Reductions



Associating market share with concentration values

2005

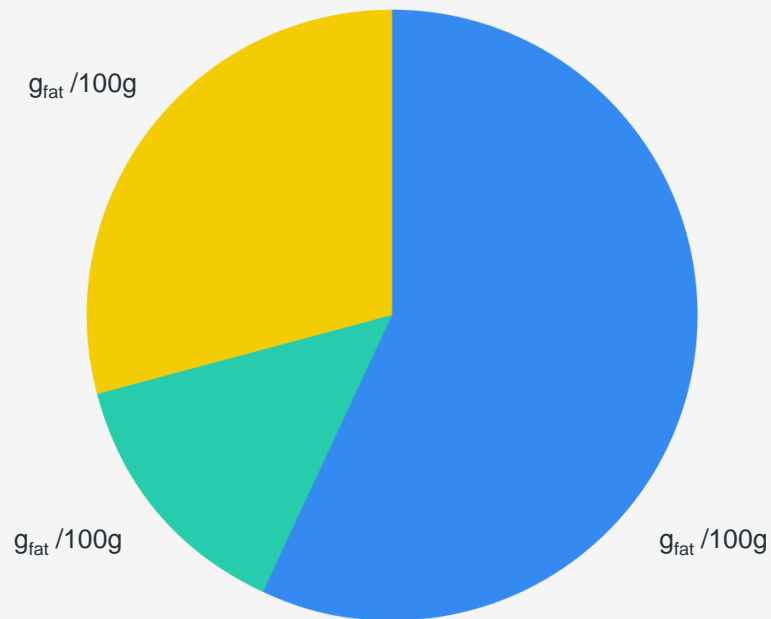
Product 1



Product 2



Product 3



Associating market share with concentration values

2017

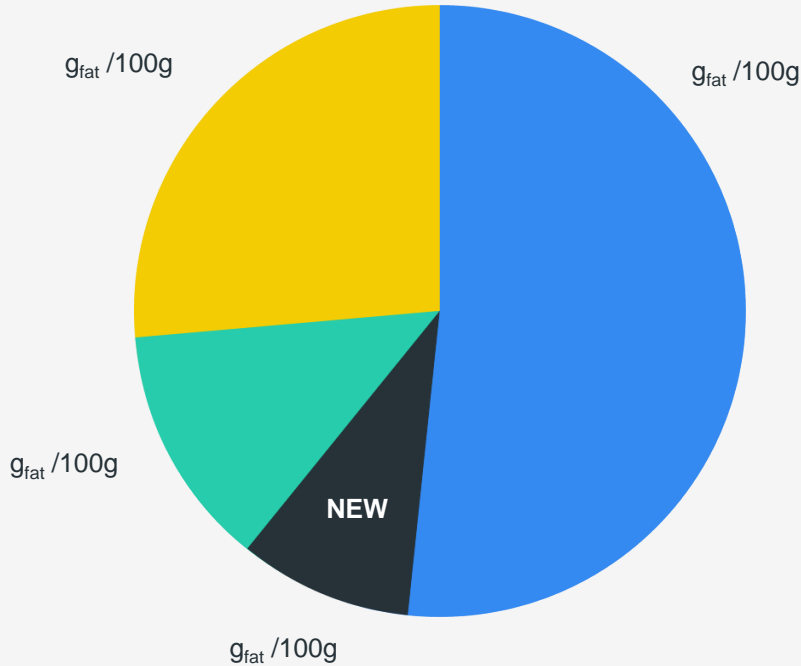
New product enters the market

Product 1

Product 2

Product 3

Product 4



Optimistic Scenario

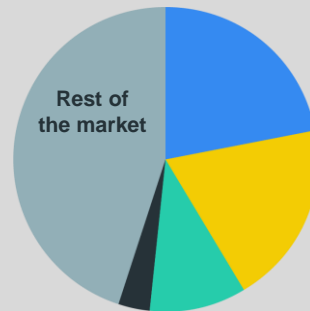


2005

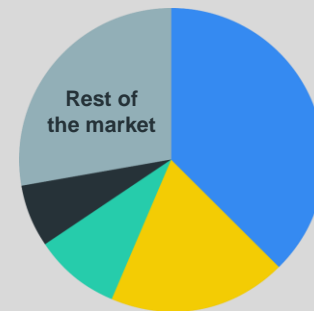


2017

Conservative Scenario



2005



2017

Challenges

- Expertise, understand methodologies, opportunities and limitations
- Data availability
- Up-to-date data
- Data quality, acceptability
- Uncertainties

Opportunities

- Using data and models to faster inform product development, consumer health and safety
- Use of technologies and tools
- Use of multidisciplinary capabilities

Thank You.

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